CIPCULAP ECONOMY - MEASURE

CIRCULAR ECONOMY - MEASUREMENTS, ASSESSMENTS AND PATHWAYS

A comprehensive framework for circular economy implementation roadmap, stakeholder action and systemic impact in Victoria



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Additional resources

(1) Progress report: data platform conceptual framing. https://apo.org.au/node/319340.
(2) Towards developing a digital platform for a systemic shift to a circular economy: progress report number 2. https://apo.org.au/node/319339.

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Victorian circular activator project partners











Foreword

Tackling environmental degradation and climate change whilst maintaining our standard of living is *the* most important mission of the 21st Century.

The pathways to achieve this are emerging as businesses, governments, NGOs, communities and academics research, innovate and incentivise. What we do know is that reducing our material footprint by reducing, recycling, avoiding waste, and closing material loops is core to this mission. It also provides business, service and product innovation opportunities to drive jobs and productivity growth for decades. We also know the pathways toward this new economy will require concurrent transformations within business, government, and community.

For many businesses, transitioning to circular economy (CE) principles will surpass mere adaptations of current business and practice. CE-MAP is the product of a research collaboration in the Victorian Circular Activator. It is a self-assessment and CE guidance tool focusing on readiness and guidance to be a CE change agent. Being a CE change agent means thinking in new and innovative ways about product, design, and services; organisation and people; and the network of businesses and stakeholders that change agents operate.

Becoming a CE change agent is, however, not an end goal in itself – but the starting point to drive real and sustained innovation in sustainability and economy. They do this by creating pathways to a circular and regenerative economy that minimises waste, maximises resource efficiency, and fosters sustainable practices, ultimately paving the way for a more resilient and prosperous Victorian future.

Associate Professor Christian (Andi) Nygaard Director, Centre for Urban Transitions

I am excited to introduce this report on the CE-MAP as the project lead for the Victorian Circular Activator (VCA). The VCA is a pioneering initiative that aims to support the transition to a CE in Victoria by providing a physical and digital infrastructure that connects businesses, entrepreneurs, researchers, government, and the community. We are able to achieve this through partnerships with a range of stakeholders.

The CE-MAP is a crucial part of the VCA. It provides businesses, policymakers, and communities, with a comprehensive guide on the journey towards CE, providing valuable insights into implementation strategies and indicators. This report offers an in-depth analysis of the CE-MAP's change domains and measurement framework and presents a set of application scenarios that demonstrate its practical use in different sectors. The report aims to provide a clear understanding of how the CE-MAP can be used as a tool to drive CE transitions.

We believe that the transition to a CE is not only an environmental necessity but also an opportunity for innovation and economic productivity, creating new jobs in the process. As an initiative of the VCA, the CE-MAP is designed to empower stakeholders across the economy to capture circular innovation benefits through diagnostic tools and structured programs such as the CIRCLE program.

We hope this report will serve as an invaluable resource for all interested in exploring the potential of a change framework. We invite you to join us on this exciting journey towards a more sustainable future.

Professor Usha Iyer-Raniga Project Lead, Victorian Circular Activator

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Executive summary

The **Circular Economy - Measurements, Assessments and Pathways** (CE-MAP) represents a robust and comprehensive framework for driving CE transitions in Victoria. This report presents a detailed analysis of the CE-MAP, highlighting its significance as a transformative tool for sustainability stakeholders across industries, academia, government, and communities. The framework envisions a regenerative economy that minimises waste, maximises resource efficiency, and fosters sustainable practices, ultimately paving the way for a more resilient and prosperous future.

At the core of the CE-MAP lies its three fundamental Change Domains: Enabling Environment, Market Creation, and Organisational Change. Each Change Domain encompasses a set of strategic objectives, outcomes, and indicators that guide stakeholders in their CE efforts.

Within the Enabling Environment, the framework focuses on creating supportive policies, financing mechanisms, and knowledge-sharing platforms to facilitate CE implementation at a systemic level. The Market Creation Change Domain emphasises the need to generate demand for circular products and services, promote innovative business models, and integrate circular principles across supply chains. In the Organisational Change domain, the framework addresses the internal transformation required within organisations, such as fostering circular design, enhancing workforce skills, and aligning corporate values with CE principles.

Accurate measurement and data collection are critical for effectively assessing CE progress and identifying areas for improvement. As part of the CE-MAP, this report presents a comprehensive measurement and data framework, categorising indicators into environmental, economic, social, and governance and policy domains.

These indicators provide a holistic view of CE implementation, including waste and pollution reduction, energy consumption and carbon footprint, job creation, stakeholder engagement, and circular design. Stakeholders can leverage the CE-MAP to set clear objectives, align with the systemic landscape, develop strategic action plans, and measure and monitor their CE progress.

Furthermore, the report explores the use of various data collection methods, including metrics, surveys, interviews, case studies, and expert reviews for CE management strategy evaluation. These data collection approaches enable stakeholders to gather qualitative and quantitative insights, supporting evidencebased decision-making and refining CE strategies.

While the CE-MAP offers a transformative roadmap, stakeholders may encounter challenges in its implementation. These challenges could include resistance to change, limited resources, or inadequate data collection capabilities. Stakeholders must acknowledge and address these obstacles to ensure the successful adoption of the framework and foster a collaborative environment for overcoming barriers.

To enhance the effectiveness of the CE-MAP, stakeholders must prioritise capacitybuilding efforts, fostering a culture of continuous learning and knowledge sharing. Engaging in collaborative research and development initiatives across diverse sectors can enrich the understanding of circular principles and lead to innovative solutions. Stakeholders can create an ecosystem that promotes successful CE transitions by proactively addressing challenges and leveraging collaborative networks.



The importance of a circular economy

The CE is a framework that provides stakeholders, including businesses and government actors, with the tool to implement systemic and sustainable solutions that address economic and environmental challenges such as waste and climate change. CE strategies facilitate our society to use resources more efficiently, reduce the negative environmental impact of economic activities, and create net-positive and regenerative outcomes.

In a CE, existing resources are utilised to their maximum value during their lifecycle through maintenance, repair, reuse and repurposing. The residual value of used resources is recovered to feed back into the economy, and the recycling system provides secondary resources in production processes.

The Knowledge Hub¹ indicates that a critical element of the CE is substituting finite natural resources with renewable and non-toxic ones. For instance, regenerative energy involves the electrification of operations, adoption of renewable energy and implementation of energy efficiency measures.

Collaboration opportunities exist within a circular system for stakeholders such as government, businesses and communities to regenerate natural capital, transform inefficient business models, redesign products and services, and advance circular knowledge and innovation.

measures beyond just financial.

Health & Wellbeing of humans and other species is structurally supported.

EQUITY

$\frown \cap$

Materials in the economy are cycled at continuous high value.

Value is generated in

Energy is based on renewable sources

7 PILLARS

of the Circular Economy

Water

is extracted at a sustainable rate and resource recovery is maximized.

Society & Culture are preserved through social governance.

Biodiversity is structurally

supported and enhanced.

Source: Metabolic²

Victoria's aim for a circular economy

Australia is well-positioned to gain significant economic and environmental benefits by transitioning to a CE. PwC^3 estimates that by 2040, 165 million tonnes of CO2 could be saved annually, and \$1.9 trillion could be accumulated in direct economic benefits in Australia.

As a highly diversified economy, Victoria aims to lead Australia's CE transitions. The recently established Recycling Victoria is the agency overseeing the implementation of Victoria's 10-year policy and action plan for waste and recycling. The State's CE goals include designing to last, repair and recycle; using products to create more value; recycling more resources; and reducing harm from waste and pollution. These targets are a key driver for local councils to implement CE strategies.

While the metrics to evaluate progress against Victoria's 2030 CE goals are commendable, the CE-MAP detailed in this report is based on a more ambitious plan to transition the State to a sustainable CE.

Implementing CE transitions can be complex and create unexpected consequences as a systemic change. Moreover, stakeholders such as businesses, governments and communities often have varied processes and strategies for working toward change, including diverse and sometimes conflicting interests in change outcomes.

The CE-MAP is vital to visualise the complex interactions across systems and actors. The framework details the activities, outputs and outcomes of immediate, intermediate and long-term circular transition processes for Victoria.

The CE-MAP is a tool that stakeholders can incorporate into strategic planning to create bespoke CE roadmaps and align their operations with broader systemic changes in Victoria. In addition, this report provides a starting point for stakeholders to develop decisions and measures to achieve CE goals. It also presents an adaptive governance framework for monitoring and evaluating CE projects.

of Victorian households have access to food and garden organic waste recycling services or local composting by 2030

Mapping Pathways

The process of developing the CE-MAP

The research that informed this report followed a 6-stage process to develop the comprehensive CE-MAP for Victoria to achieve the CE. By adopting systems thinking approaches, the study provides a more holistic understanding of the complex processes, actors, strategies and challenges involved in Victoria's CE transitions. Evolutionary economics, social practices, socio-technological transitions, socioecological systems, organisational change and social learning are some theoretical frames that inform the CE-MAP.

The outcome of stages three to six of the research process is presented here. This draws on the findings from the literature review, systems mapping and synthesis sessions, and interviews conducted in the first two stages. The data collection methods have been detailed in progress reports.^{5, 6}

Sustainability Experts

1 Organisational Change and Sustainability Academic Scholar 1 Organisational Change and CE Consultant 1 Carbon Negative and CE Expert 1 Value Stream Mapping and Process Flow Analyst

Swinburne University's Human Research Ethics Committee approved the in-depth interviews with CE stakeholders in Victoria. The discussions covered topics on Victoria's CE landscape, such as:

- practices

• the operations of participating organisations

• the transition stage of participating organisations

• the business strategies and models participating organisations adopt to create viable CE offerings

• the opportunities, challenges, enablers and barriers to adopting CE

The Systems View

Overview of the CE-MAP

The CE-MAP aims to:

Support a systemic shift to CE in Victoria

The framework facilitates the development of CE strategies within change domains: the Enabling Environment, the Organisational Change and the Market Creation.

Based on the current trajectory of CE adoption in Victoria, we expect system transformations across the change domains to consolidate over the longer timeframe. We map out the transition that involves specific CE activities and outputs, short-term outcomes, medium-term outcomes and long-term outcomes beyond which we expect Victoria to have transitioned entirely to a CE system.

Assumptions underlie the formulation of the CE-MAP, such as thinking about how change happens, the transition timeline, the role of actors and the sequence of activities. These assumptions are informed by evidence from multi-disciplinary literature reviews, stakeholder interviews and systems mapping and synthesis sessions.

Organisational Change

Internal change processes occur within an organisation during the transition to CE models—for instance, through the mechanisms of goal setting, upgrading of competencies and reframing of all decision contexts.

Enabling Environment

External factors, especially innovation and regulation, help to facilitate the adoption of CE practices. Mechanisms include industry learning, codesign mechanisms, regulation and policy, and innovation capacity.

> Change **Domains for** achieving CE in Victoria

Market Creation

Ultimately, the transition requires CE products and business models in supportive markets. Factors that enable the creation of CE markets include mainstreaming sustainability practices, developing viable CE products and business innovation.

MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES LONG-TERM OUTCOMES IMPACT

Sustainability Approaches integrated and Interorganisational collaboration established

Social Practices

sustainably

transformed

1

Legislation, Tax and Policies aligned to CE

Environment

established

Market for CE products and services is the norm Systemic CE transformation is selfsustaining in Victoria

Holistic CE Organisational Change towards CE becomes the norm

> Victoria's socio-economic and cultural systems fully transformed and CE normalised

 \bigcap

Assumptions underlying the CE-MAP

Based on the current trajectory of CE adoption in Victoria, holistic system transformations across the change domains are expected to consolidate over the longer timeframe. However, socioeconomic disruptions could further accelerate the transition.

TIMELINE FOR

CHANGE

CE-MAP Change Domains

Enabling environment

The enabling environment is crucial in facilitating the transition to CE. It encompasses key mechanisms, such as education and community practices, fiscal policies, regulations and standards, physical infrastructure and equipment, and considering unintended consequences. These themes create the conditions necessary for a successful transition towards a more sustainable and circular model of production and consumption.

CE-MAP's enabling environment domain is presented on pages 13 and 14. A range of activities are undertaken within the enabling environment to achieve this transition. Mechanisms include co-design and visioning, standardising sustainability and circularity assessments, adopting new financial systems, and institutionalising learning and adaptation processes. They aim to generate outputs such as establishing CE conventions and actions that draw on sustainability assessments, enhancing supply chain capacity, and realigning financial incentives. These outputs serve as building blocks for further progress.

In the short term, the enabling environment leads to improved alignment of processes and goals, enhanced sustainability capacities, and adoption of sustainable resource management mechanisms. These outcomes lay the foundation for medium-term results, including integrating sustainability approaches into everyday practices, refining legal frameworks and fiscal policies, and transforming tax systems to incentivise circularity. By nurturing an enabling environment that supports CE principles, we can foster lasting change and achieve long-term outcomes where circularity becomes the norm across industries, markets, and organisations.

Enabling Environment Interconnected Themes for CE Transitions

Education and **Community Practices**

Promotion of awareness, knowledge, and engagement of CE principles within communities and encouragement of sustainable practices

Fiscal Policy

The use of economic instruments and incentives, such as taxes and subsidies, to encourage CE adoption and discourage wasteful practices

Physical Infrastructure and Equipment

Provision of appropriate infrastructure, facilities, and equipment to facilitate CE activities, such as recycling facilities, waste management systems, and sustainable supply chains

Regulation and Standards

Development and enforcement of regulations, guidelines, and standards that support the transition to a CE and ensure compliance with sustainable practices

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Co-design Mechanisms Adoption

Identify and mobilise champions, key partnerships and the coalition of the willing to co-design CE solutions and create impact through participatory, gender-sensitive, empowering and open approaches

Regulatory Rebalancing

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Standardisation of Sustainability and Circularity Assessment Develop and publicise indicators that aid the process of identifying, measuring and evaluating the potential impacts of sustainability and circular practices

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Standardisation of Packaging

Develop and adopt sustainability packaging standards and requirements in production processes and technologies across the supply chain

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Fiscal Mechanisms Development Provide financial resources to implement CE-related programmes and strategies, e.g., subsidies, taxes, loans, grants, investments and donations

Strategy and Planning

K 🖗 🚉 CE Vision established

Collectively agreed-upon vision of CE transitions established among stakeholders

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Capacity of Intermediaries enhanced

Capacity of intermediaries (including virtual intermediaries) enhanced to catalyse industry-wide learning and CE adoption

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Sustainability Assessment developed

Sustainability assessment becomes the basis for learning by doing through, e.g., experimentation

🔆 🔅 🏛

Communities of Practice supported

Communities of practice are developed around CE principles and supported

Transition Champions recruited

Transition champions or actors, including businesses that have already adopted CE practices and models, are recruited to guide and support CE initiatives **Funding Landscape growing** Consistent and growing funding landscape with private sector finance

Resource Mobilisation

increasingly invested

Social and Environmental Impact

Unintended Consequences minimised
 Unintended consequences are
 minimised and mitigated

Environmental Justice Issues Identified Issues of environmental justice relating to adopting CE practices are identified and addressed

OUTPUTS

adoption

MEDIUM-TERM

IMPACT

14

Orientation of CE processes

and goals aligned

CE capacities, goals and

systems well positioned

Local and international resource management mechanisms adopted

Local and international mechanisms that promote cleaner production, end-of-life material management and sustainability strategies are adopted

> Enabling Environment aligned with CE processes and sustainability goals

Tax System, Legal Framework and **Fiscal Policies transformed**

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Legal Framework and Policies improved Legal frameworks, fiscal policies and tax implications that encourage the adoption of circular models are improved

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Tax System transformed The tax system is transformed to tax resources rather than labour

Policy Measures scaled back

Policy measures and financial incentives for CE products and organisational change are scaled back and eventually removed

> Enabling Environment optimised for systemic CE adoption

CE Enabling Environment established

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Enabling Environment for CE transition is established and CE becomes the norm

Enabling Environment aligned with other change domains for complete CE transitions

Market creation

Market creation is a crucial element within the CE-MAP that aims to normalise the CE products and services market. CE-MAP's market creation domain is presented on pages 16 and 17. Through the themes of "Demonstrate," "Return Cycle," and "Grow," market creation activities focus on showcasing successful CE initiatives, establishing efficient material flows, and driving the expansion of the CE market.

The outputs of market creation encompass developing and promoting CE products, establishing circular supply chains, and cultivating consumer awareness and demand for circular solutions. In the short term, market creation leads to enhanced supply chain capacities, institutionalised CE principles and practices, and a developed industry transition blueprint. In the medium term, it drives establishing and maintaining market forces' abilities and sustainably transforming social practices. Meanwhile, the long-term goal of market creation is to establish a thriving circular marketplace where circularity is mainstream, consumer behaviour aligns with sustainability, and the CE becomes the norm.

Ultimately, effective market creation transforms the market, where CE products and services become the norm rather than the exception. This impact is characterised by widespread acceptance and demand for CE solutions and the integration of circular practices into various sectors. A self-sustaining market for CE products and services signifies a shift towards a more sustainable CE, where resource efficiency, waste reduction, and circular practices are deeply embedded in our production, consumption, and business processes.

Fostering the scaling up of CE solutions by creating supportive policies, providing financial incentives, and building collaborations among businesses, government entities, and other stakeholders to accelerate the adoption and mainstreaming of circular practices

Market Creation Interconnected Themes for CE Transitions

Demonstrate

Showcasing the viability and benefits of CE practices through tangible examples, pilot projects, and case studies to inspire and educate stakeholders

Grow

Return Cycle

Establishing mechanisms and incentives that enable the collection, recovery, and reintroduction of materials and products into the economy, creating closed-loop systems and minimising waste

Advocacy and Intermediation

Promote sustainability/CE principles, values and solutions in business,

policy and consumer practices through awareness creation, lobbying

and public discourse

Government Support Provision

Provide guidelines, regulations, processes, finance and other socio-

political resources that could boost the CE market or aid the adoption

of CE practices among businesses and consumers

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Intermediaries Engagement

Engage agents such as actors, entities or (virtual) platforms who

connect diverse groups of actors involved in CE transitions

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Procurement Strategy Refinement

Refine procurement practices across government and industry

Sustainability Education Provision

Increase the knowledge or understanding of sustainability and CE e.g., incorporating sustainability into higher education curricula and awareness creation among business owners, policymakers and the general public

Market Research

Collect and analyse information on CE target markets, opportunities, customers bases, product viability and regulatory environment

Product and Service Development

Perform the process or activities that enable the conceptualisation, development and launch of competitive CE product/service to the market

Circular Business Model Innovation

Design processes and strategies that aid organisations in creating value propositions through product and service offerings that reinforce CE principles such as designing out waste, restoring material lifecycle and regenerating natural systems

Policy and Standards

CE Standards and Practices refined and regulated

Industry-led refinement of standards and practices constrained by regulations to minimise greenwashing and unintended consequences

Collaboration and Networking

Advocacy Coalitions established

Advocacy coalitions, which are channels and accesses to participate in political activities, cultivate political influence and build good connections with the government, are established and enhanced

CE Communities of Practice supported

Communities of practice promoting CE principles and practices are developed and supported

Market and Business Development

Market's CE Potential expands

Market potential for CE products and services expands and diffuses more product and services

🖪 🎢 🍥

Consumer Competences increased Competences of consumers are increased, which is the ability to make decisions based on knowledge of circularity

CE Hub established Institutions, hubs or networks that are dedicated to acquire, share and exchange CE knowledge and skills are established and maintained

CE Behaviour diffuses Diffusion of CE behaviours into associated product classes

OUTPU

Risk and Context Analysis

Risk Profile Assessment

Assessment of the threats existing in the market with the capacity of the organisation to tolerate or take risks to achieve set CE goals is developed

Provide adequate sustainable infrastructure to enhance people's performance of sustainability practices

> Circular Market Ecosystem established

Knowledge and Innovation

Technologies aiding CE Principles developed Technologies that aid the application of CE principles are developed and improved through industries

CE Products and Services developed

Products or services that possess circularity features, attract customers and improve the profitability of the business are developed and demonstrated

Socialisation of CE Practices emerged

Emergent socialisation of CE practices that demonstrate the growth of CE products and services (include postcriptive and prescriptive behaviours)

> Circular Market Ecosystem and sustainable business models are thriving

SHORT-TERM OUTCOMES

Supply Chain Capacity enhanced

CE Concepts and Principles institutionalised

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The ability of a business to generate, absorb and utilise a certain volume across the supply chain over a specified period is enhanced. This could be related to the business' input, output or a mixture of both

Market Forces' abilities established and maintained

CE concepts, principles or approaches are embedded around particular industries/sub-sectors/behavours. This also includes institutionalising new CE approaches into the business environment

Victoria

MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES

Industry Transition Blueprint designed and implemented

The pace of transition (temporal profile of transition dynamics) of each industry/sectoral blueprint and schedule of transition are co-designed and put into action

> Circular Market Ecosystem is flourishing and further catalysed

Social Practices sustainably transformed

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The practices or bundle of activities that comprise people's daily lives are sustainably transformed.

Circular Market Ecosystem is sustainably transformed

Circular Market Ecosystem is mainstreamed and systemically integrated

Organisational change

The organisational change domain focuses on enhancing competencies, knowledge, procedures, and value compass within organisations to drive the transition towards a CE.

CE-MAP's organisational change domain is presented on pages 19 and 20. Activities within the organisation change domain aim to equip organisations and their workforce with the necessary tools, skills, understanding, and ethical framework to embrace circular practices. These result in outputs that contribute to building the capacity and readiness of organisations to adopt CE approaches. The short-term outcomes signify the initial progress in aligning organisations with CE principles and practices by establishing CE conventions and processes, rendering non-CE approaches and practices untenable, reinforcing CE transition dynamics, and prompting incumbent actors to shift or exit.

Moving forward, organisational change's medium-term and long-term outcomes revolve around achieving holistic CE organisational change, where CE approaches become the norm. This includes comprehensive transformations in corporate culture, processes, and strategies to embrace circularity fully.

The impact of organisational change lies in the self-sustainability of CE within organisations in Victoria. It signifies the successful integration of CE principles, practices, and mindsets into everyday operations, resulting in long-lasting and self-reinforcing circular practices that contribute to sustainable resource use, reduced waste generation, and new business opportunities.

Organisational Change Interconnected Themes for CE Transitions

Competencies

The skills, abilities, and behaviours that individuals or organisations possess to perform a particular task or achieve a specific goal. Competencies are typically based on a combination of knowledge and experience, as well as personal values and beliefs.

Procedures

The established methods, protocols, or routines that are used to accomplish specific tasks or achieve specific outcomes. These are based on a combination of established rules, cultural norms, and personal values and beliefs.

Knowledge

The understanding of facts. concepts, theories, and principles that are relevant to a particular field or discipline. Knowledge is a crucial component of competencies, providing the foundation for making informed decisions and taking effective action.

Value Compass

The values and beliefs guiding individuals or organisations in their decision-making and actions. The value compass can be seen as a moral or ethical framework that shapes how individuals perceive and interact with the world around them.

or in other ways making sure it is a key part of the goals of the organisation are detailed and implemented

🧐 📩 💎

CE Champions identified and supported

People with vision, strong will, power, influence and credibility to advocate, support and facilitate internal change are identified and supported at every organisational level

OUTPUT

Supply Chain Management

🛞 🏟 💎 Supply Chain pressured for CE Adoption Pressure is put on supply chains to adopt CE business model practices

Planning and Strategy Development

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Organisational Envisioning Develop a clear shared CE vision, values and define new CE goals, aspirations and desired impact

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CE Feasibility Planning Assess the practicality and viability of transitioning business practices into CE business models, such as technical, economic, financial, legal and environmental considerations

> Organisations processes, structures and cultures aligned with CE

Capacity Building and Enhancement

Workforce CE Skills and Knowledge enhanced

The CE skills and knowledge of all levels of an organisation's workforce are enhanced

Internal CE Tools and Applications adopted

New tools and applications that aid in the circular transformation of the internal practices of an organisation are adopted

> CE becomes integral to organisations' operations and culture

SHORT-TERM OUTCOMES Organisational **CE** Conventions and Processes established 🐵 🏟 🏟 🔷 MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES Organisational conventions and processes that encourage the development of CE knowledge and competence are established LONG-TERM OUTCOMES

IMPACT

Non-CE Approaches and Practices untenable

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Non-CE approaches and practices become untenable (for instance, CE employer-employee relations are embedded in processes like bargaining agreements)

Positive feedback effect between macro-micro scales reinforcing CE transition dynamics

Holistic CE Organisational Change towards CE becomes the norm

CE Organisational Change is selfsustaining in Victoria

CE transition is fully underway

Organisations are fully transitioned to CE

Data and Measurement

Measurement framework

The comprehensive CE management strategy evaluation framework provides a holistic approach to evaluating the progress, impact, and effectiveness of stakeholders' CE initiatives. The framework is designed for change agents who are involved in various stakeholders' CE initiatives, including project managers, sustainability practitioners and government agents. It allows for a balanced assessment of environmental, governance, economic, and social aspects, guiding change agents toward informed decision-making and continual learning in their CE efforts.

Environmental indicators track waste and pollution reduction efforts, energy consumption, carbon footprint, and resource conservation. By monitoring these indicators, stakeholders can assess how their initiatives help to reduce environmental impact and promote resource efficiency.

Governance and policy indicators are related to the vision, commitment, policy framework, stakeholder engagement, and measurement and evaluation of CE strategies. These indicators help assess the effectiveness of governance structures, policy frameworks, and stakeholder collaboration in driving CE implementation.

Economic indicators relate to circular business models, resource efficiency, and innovation. These indicators measure the economic benefits, revenue generation, and productivity improvements from CE practices.

Social indicators focus on social issues, such as job creation (which is also an economic indicator), skills development, social equity, and consumer behaviour change. They provide insights that form the basis for just CE transitions.

Environmental Indicators

Governance and Policy Indicators

Measuring the environmental impact and sustainability of CE practices

Evaluating governance, policy, and regulatory aspects that support the implementation of CE strategies

Management

Social Indicators

Measuring the social dimensions of CE practices to enable a just transition

Economic Indicators

Measuring economic performance and viability of CE initiatives

Environmental indicators

Circular design

Waste and pollution reduction

Energy and carbon footprint

Resource conservation and regeneration

Resource recovery rates Use of recycled materials Sustainable sourcing practices Ecosystem restoration efforts

CE-related jobs creation

Social impact assessments

Access to CE opportunities

Training and upskilling programs

Workforce diversity and inclusivity

Community well-being indicators

Fair and equitable distribution of benefits

Material selection and resource efficiency

User-centred and energy-efficient design

Design for end-of-life management

Waste reduction and efficiency

Pollution prevention measures

Energy consumption reduction

Greenhouse gas emissions reduction

Renewable energy adoption

Carbon footprint assessment

Waste diversion rates

Recycling rates

Waste reduction

Social indicators

Job creation and skills development

Social equity and well-being

Consumer awareness and practice change

Consumer awareness Sustainable consumption patterns Practice change towards circularity Attitudes aligned with CE practices

Commitment to CE principles Leadership engagement

CE vision statement

frameworks

civil societies

Supportive policies and regulations Integration of CE principles into legislation Alignment with national and international

Coordination of diverse stakeholders Collaboration across sectors Engagement with local communities and

> M&E frameworks for CE initiatives Performance tracking and reporting Impact assessment of CE strategies

CE Management Strategy **Evaluation**

> Adoption of circular business models Revenue from circular activities Circular supply chain integration

Material and energy intensity **Resource consumption reduction Eco-design integration** Waste reduction

Investment in CE research and development Patents and innovations related to CE Collaboration with research institutions Business model innovation

Governance and policy indicators

Vision and commitment

Policy and regulatory framework

Stakeholder engagement and collaboration

Measurement and evaluation

Circular business models

Resource efficiency and productivity

Innovation and research

Data framework

The data framework employs a combination of data collection methods that provide a comprehensive and multi-dimensional understanding of CE progress and impact. The framework supports more informed decisions, helps identify successful strategies, and allows for addressing challenges in driving the transition to a more sustainable CE.

Metrics are quantitative data that measure the progress and outcomes of CE efforts. These enable stakeholders to assess CE initiatives' financial performance, growth, and adoption rates within different domains.

Surveys, interviews, and focus groups help stakeholders understand stakeholder perspectives, identify areas for improvement, and strengthen engagement and communication strategies.

Expert review and evaluation provide a comprehensive assessment of the effectiveness and outcomes of CE efforts, allowing stakeholders to make datadriven decisions and optimize their strategies.

Case studies provide valuable insights into the impact of co-designed solutions, changes in business practices, and the integration of CE approaches in various industries. By examining case studies, stakeholders can learn from best practices, identify effective strategies, and gain inspiration for their CE initiatives.

Ouantitative data and measurable indicators that provide insights into the progress and impact of CE initiatives across the Change Domains

Real-world examples of successful CE implementation and their impacts within the Change Domains

Metrics

Surveys, Interviews & Focus Groups

Data on stakeholders' perceptions, experiences, and feedback related to CE efforts within each of the Change Domains.

ementation

Case Studies

Expert Review & Evaluation

Expert evaluations and reviews to assess the effectiveness and outcomes of CE across within the Change Domains

Metrics

Enabling environment

Amount of financial resources allocated to CE Usage rate of CE databases by stakeholders Adoption rate of cleaner production practices and strategies

Revenue generated from resource-based taxation Growth in the number of CE initiatives and projects

Market creation

Organisational change

Procurement spending on CE offerings Market size and growth data for CE products/services Market KPIs, e.g., increased production volumes Adoption rates of sustainable practices in sectors Sales and revenue generated by CE offerings

Revenue or market share attributed to CE offerings Compliance rate with internal CE governance policies Investments or savings from CE model adoption Employee turnover rates related to CE principles

Alignment of legislation, tax, and policies with CE goals

Public awareness and understanding of CE principles Development and support of communities of practice Perceived improvements in supply chain capacity Changes in people's practices Perception and acceptance of CE offerings

Stakeholder perceptions of the organisation's committment to CE Employee feedback on relevance and effectiveness of CE training programs Stakeholder feedback on CE initiative synergies

Implementation Data Framework

CE

Barriers and enablers for accessing and utilising the available funding Comprehensiveness of CE assessment frameworks Impact of stakeholder commitments on CE implementation Changes in business practices due to improved regulations

Regulatory changes affecting the CE market Influence of advocacy coalitions on CE-related initiatives practices

Cultural and organisational changes of institutionalizing CE Environmental and social impacts of transformed practices

Organisation's readiness for CE implementation M&E processes for CE environmental impact Cultural shift within organisations towards CE practices

Case studies

Enabling environment

Market creation

Organisational change

Impact created through co-designed CE solutions Impact of minimising unintended consequences Stakeholder alignment efforts Policy interventions Integration of CE into legal frameworks

Integration of CE criteria in procurement practices Market penetration of CE offerings Integration of CE approaches into industries Market-driven innovations

Recruitment strategies and impact on organisational culture

Impact of CE reporting on decision-making and accountability

Transition of incumbent actors towards CE practices

Surveys, interviews & focus groups

Challenges and benefits of adopting sustainability packaging standards Feedback on the effectiveness of capacity-building programs Assessment of the level of sustainability integration

Expert review & evaluation

Enabling environment

Market creation

Enabling environment

Market creation

Organisational change

Key Drivers and Enablers

Drivers

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The transition to a CE in Victoria is a complex challenge that requires a multi-faceted approach. However, global, national and local forces are shaping Victoria's sustainability landscape. These CE-MAP drivers provide a starting point for further exploration and discussion of opportunities and challenges for CE in the State.

Climate emergency declarations by government bodies highlight a commitment to addressing the global climate crisis. Local councils are also driven by Victoria's goal of diverting 80% of waste from landfill by 2030. Policies and regulations on waste and resource recovery set standards and provide incentives for CE practices that can help achieve these targets. Moreover, the closure of local waste dumpsites increases the need for alternative waste management solutions that align with these targets and strategies.

Furthermore, growing consumer and community awareness and demand for sustainability create reputational pressures on businesses to take action on CE. Lastly, technological advancements in renewable energy, sustainable agriculture and resource recovery can provide new opportunities for CE development.

Technological innovation and development

Community and consumer demand for sustainability

Enablers

CE-MAP enablers in Victoria will increase the focus on systems transformation towards CE and overcome systemic barriers that hinder the transition.

Funding mechanisms, such as grants and tax incentives, provide resources and investment that help overcome barriers to entry and support sustainable infrastructure and innovation.

CE intermediaries facilitate access to knowledge, expertise and resources to promote sustainable practices.

Strategies, policies and regulations create a level playing field, leading to a more competitive and sustainable business environment.

Collaboration, communication and cooperation are enablers that help co-create solutions and strategies, build stakeholder trust, and develop more effective solutions to complex sustainability challenges.

Technological innovation and development enable the development of new business models to promote the adoption of sustainable practices, such as sharing and subscription models.

CE education, training and skills acquisition help to raise awareness and understanding of sustainability challenges and opportunities among stakeholders.

Potential challenges and limitations

While the CE-MAP offers a robust framework for stakeholders to guide their circular transition, it has challenges and limitations.

Implementing the CE-MAP may present stakeholders with various challenges due to the **complexity of the CE transition**. One significant obstacle is navigating the intricacies of interconnected systems within the CE-MAP. Stakeholders often face complexities in understanding the diverse interactions between environmental, economic, social, and policy factors. Additionally, the dynamic nature of the CE landscape demands adaptability from stakeholders as they encounter unforeseen obstacles and shifting market conditions. Adapting to emerging technologies, changing consumer behaviours, and evolving regulatory environments requires constant vigilance and flexibility.

Resource and capacity limitations can also hinder the smooth implementation of the CE-MAP. Stakeholders, especially small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), may face financial constraints when transitioning towards circular practices. The investment required to adopt new technologies, develop circular business models, and retrain the workforce can be substantial. Additionally, a lack of access to meaningful and complete datasets and expertise to understand and utilise such data can hinder stakeholders' ability to measure and monitor their circular progress effectively. Insufficient human resources and expertise in CE practices may slow the implementation process, making it essential for stakeholders to invest in building their capacities and collaborating with knowledgeable partners.

Successfully adopting the CE-MAP requires a **profound cultural shift** in how stakeholders approach business practices. Resistance to change, ingrained linear thinking, and risk aversion are common cultural barriers hindering the circular transition. Stakeholders may face challenges in gaining buy-in from leadership, employees, and other vital actors, so fostering a culture of innovation and collaboration is crucial. Moreover, forming effective collaborations between various stakeholders, including businesses, government bodies, academia, and communities, may prove challenging due to differing interests and priorities. Building strong partnerships and promoting open dialogue are essential to overcome collaboration barriers and drive collective action towards CE.

Complexity and adaptability challenges

Resource and capacity limitations

Cultural shift and collaboration barriers

Improving implementation effectiveness

Stakeholders can improve the implementation effectiveness of the CE-MAP, drive continuous improvement and accelerate the transition towards a more sustainable CE by embracing the following approaches.

First, stakeholders must prioritise **continuous learning and knowledge exchange**. Embracing a culture of learning enables stakeholders to stay updated on the latest CE practices, emerging technologies, and industry trends. Regular workshops, seminars, and webinars facilitate stakeholder sharing of insights, best practices, and success stories. Furthermore, establishing knowledge-sharing platforms and communities of practice allows stakeholders to collaborate, ask questions, and seek guidance from peers, experts, and researchers. By fostering a culture of continuous learning, stakeholders can refine their strategies, adapt to changing circumstances, and identify innovative solutions for complex circular challenges.

Forming **collaborative partnerships and alliances** is another crucial step towards improving the implementation effectiveness of the CE-MAP. Stakeholders can achieve a more significant impact by joining forces with like-minded organisations, government bodies, academia, and civil society. Collaborative partnerships enable the pooling of resources, expertise, and knowledge, thus amplifying the collective efforts towards the CE transition. Stakeholders can co-create innovative solutions, share risks, and address systemic barriers more effectively. Moreover, partnerships can foster greater inclusivity, ensuring that diverse perspectives and voices are considered in decision-making. By building solid alliances, stakeholders can leverage synergies and achieve a more significant and lasting impact on CE initiatives.

Lastly, data-driven decision-making and impact measurement are essential components for enhancing the implementation effectiveness of the CE-MAP. Stakeholders should invest in robust data collection, monitoring, and evaluation mechanisms to accurately measure the progress of circular initiatives. Key performance indicators (KPIs) aligned with the framework objectives can provide stakeholders with actionable insights into the effectiveness of their strategies and interventions. Regular impact assessments help identify areas of improvement, celebrate successes, and communicate the outcomes to various stakeholders, including investors, customers, and employees. Using data to inform their decisions and measure their impact, stakeholders can make evidence-based adjustments, optimise their circular practices, and drive continuous improvement.

Continuous learning and knowledge exchange

Collaborative partnerships and alliances

Data-driven decisionmaking and impact measurement

Application Scenarios

Guiding stakeholder action

The CE-MAP provides a comprehensive and structured approach to guide stakeholders' actions towards CE transitions. By emphasising collaboration, data-driven decision-making, and testing and piloting new initiatives, CE-MAP ensures a collective effort towards achieving a regenerative and sustainable CE for the present and future generations. This process necessitates a change in management processes and emphasises a step-wise approach to a broader transition.

The CE-MAP provides a structured approach for stakeholders to set clear CE objectives and outcomes. By understanding the interconnectedness of various factors, stakeholders can define targeted goals aligned with circular principles. The framework allows them to identify critical milestones and map a bespoke pathway towards achieving CE. This empowers stakeholders to focus on specific actions contributing to the overall transition, ensuring a coordinated and impactful approach.

The CE-MAP also serves as a roadmap for stakeholders to navigate the CE systemic landscape. It enables them to identify relevant actors, organisations, and institutions that share the CE vision. By recognising potential collaborators, stakeholders can foster partnerships and alliances to leverage collective knowledge, resources, and expertise. Collaboration across sectors and industries becomes more seamless as the CE-MAP provides a common language and framework for all stakeholders.

Guiding stakeholder action continued...

Within the CE-MAP, stakeholders can develop strategic and practical action plans that outline specific steps and initiatives for CE implementation. The CE-MAP guides stakeholders in assessing existing practices and policies, identifying gaps, and crafting solutions that align with circular principles. This comprehensive approach helps stakeholders create actionable roadmaps that address immediate challenges and long-term transformation, ensuring sustained progress in the CE journey.

A vital aspect of the CE-MAP is its emphasis on CE management strategy evaluation and data indicator frameworks. Stakeholders can use these tools to measure, monitor, and evaluate the progress of CE initiatives. By collecting relevant data, stakeholders gain insights into their actions' effectiveness, identify improvement areas, and celebrate successes. The CE-MAP's integrated approach to measurement ensures stakeholders have a holistic view of their impact on environmental, economic, social, and governance aspects.

The framework encourages stakeholders to foster a culture of knowledge sharing, reflection, and continuous improvement. By openly exchanging experiences, successes, and challenges, stakeholders can collectively learn from each other's endeavours and refine their strategies. The framework facilitates a feedback loop that encourages stakeholders to iteratively adjust their approaches based on evidence and insights, resulting in more effective and sustainable CE practices.

The CIRCLE program

The Custom Implementation Roadmapping for Circular Local Economies (CIRCLE) program represents a dynamic and collaborative initiative to drive tangible change in the CE. The project empowers businesses to transition successfully towards circular practices and contributes to a transformative CE ecosystem where stakeholders collectively shape a more sustainable future.

The CIRCLE project is dedicated to collaborating with businesses committed to driving real change and positively impacting the CE. The project fosters a strong network of stakeholders actively working towards a sustainable future by engaging with like-minded organisations. Central to the CIRCLE program's approach is the CE-MAP, which serves as a powerful diagnostic tool. By employing the CE-MAP, the program can assess the readiness of businesses for CE adoption, identify critical areas for improvement, and tailor strategies to their unique needs. This structured framework helps businesses comprehensively understand the challenges and opportunities they face on their circular journey.

The CIRCLE program facilitates co-creation workshops with participating organisations. These interactive sessions foster a creative and inclusive environment where participants collectively design innovative solutions, address complex challenges, and forge partnerships. The workshops catalyse generating actionable ideas and developing a shared CE vision for the organisation.

The CIRCLE program continued...

The CIRCLE program offers dedicated support in implementing bespoke CE roadmaps for participating organisations. By leveraging the insights from the CE-MAP and co-creation workshops, the program assists businesses in translating their aspirations into tangible action plans. These roadmaps outline clear steps and initiatives aligned with circular principles, enabling businesses to navigate their transition effectively and maximise their positive impact.

A learning and continuous improvement culture is fostered throughout the CIRCLE program's lifecycle. Regular reflection allows stakeholders to assess the effectiveness of strategies, identify barriers, and refine approaches based on evidence and feedback. The program actively disseminates its learnings, insights, and outcomes to a broader audience, contributing to a growing body of knowledge and inspiring systemic CE adoption.

The CE team at the Centre for Urban Transitions at Swinburne University of Technology delivers the CIRCLE program. The CE team can be contacted by emailing cutransitions@swin.edu.au Facilitate co-creation workshops Use the CE-MAP as a diagnostic tool

Working with businesses committed to change and impact

CIRCLE Project

Custom Implementation Roadmapping for Circular Local Economies

Conclusion and Bibliography

Concluding remarks

The CE-MAP stands as a robust framework that holds the potential to revolutionise the way we approach sustainability and circularity. Throughout this report, we have presented the CE-MAP and explored its significance in guiding stakeholder action, measuring progress, and driving CE transitions. Its versatility and adaptability make it a valuable tool for stakeholders across industries, academia, and government to co-create a more sustainable future.

Embracing the CE-MAP empowers stakeholders to set clear objectives and outcomes, align with the systemic landscape, and develop strategic action plans for CE implementation. The CE-MAP encourages stakeholders to work together and leverage their collective strengths to overcome barriers and challenges by fostering collaboration and inclusivity. It supports data-driven decision-making, enabling stakeholders to measure their initiatives' impact and identify improvement areas accurately.

As we progress, stakeholders must continue learning, reflecting, and refining their strategies based on the evolving CE landscape. Embracing a culture of continuous improvement and knowledge exchange will enable us to stay at the forefront of circular innovation and drive meaningful change. Collaborative partnerships and alliances foster cross-sectoral cooperation and create a unified front for driving circularity. By working together and sharing best practices, we can amplify our efforts and make a more substantial and lasting impact.

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